# PX787 DMX / DALI 1ch

User manual



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Manufacturer reserves the right to make modifications in order to improve device operation.

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# 1 Description

PX787 is a DMX-512 control signal converter for DALI protocol.

DMX / DALI 1ch is an advanced converter that allows to combine lighting installations based on the DALI protocol with DMX-512 control system. Using the PX787, you can connect devices working in the DALI protocol to the controller sending the DMX-512 signal.

The device is equipped with two DMX ports and one DALI port.

Managing PX787 settings is possible by means of buttons and screen or by means of a built-in Web Server. Changing the settings includes:

- searching for DALI devices
- change of ballast parameters (e.g.: brightness, address, "fade time", "fade rate", etc.)
- change of converter network settings
- firmware upgrade

Moreover, the RDM protocol was implemented in the PX787.

DMX / DALI 1ch has been placed in a housing adapted for mounting on a 35mm DIN rail and is supplied with 12 - 24V DC safe voltage. Please note that the DALI line must have external power supply.

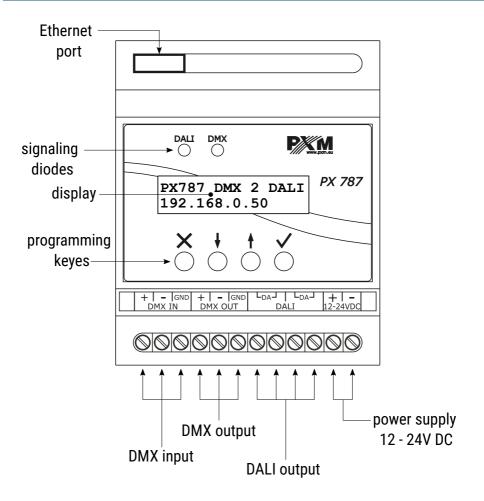
# 2 Safety conditions

PX787 is a device powered with safe voltage 12 – 24V DC; however,

during its installation and use the following rules must be strictly observed:

- 1. The device may only be connected to 12 24V DC with currentcarrying capacity compatible with technical data.
- 2. All the conductors should be protected against mechanical and thermal damage.
- 3. In the event of damaging any conductor, it should be replaced with a conductor of the same technical data.
- 4. Connection of DMX signal can only be made with shielded conductor.
- 5. All repairs and connections of outputs or DMX signal can only be made with cut off power supply.
- 6. The PX787 should be strictly protected against contact with water and other liquids.
- 7. All sudden shocks, particularly dropping, should be avoided.
- The device cannot be turned on in places with humidity exceeding 90%.
- 9. The device cannot be used in places with temperature lower than +2°C or higher than +40°C.
- 10. Clean with damp duster only.

# 3 Connectors and control elements



# 4 Programming using buttons

#### 4.1 Navigating the menu

- ➤ (escape) allows to exit the parameter being programmed without saving any changes or to move to a higher menu level
- ↓ (next) moves you back through the menu or decreases values being set
- f (previous) moves you forwarding through the menu or increases
   values being set
- ✓ (enter) allows to enter the programming mode and confirm the values set

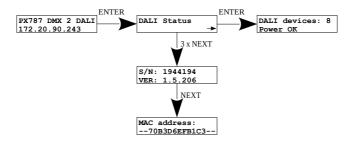
A field that is editable is shown within square brackets [...], and the  $\downarrow / \uparrow$  button allows to change the value of such a field. If you press  $\checkmark$  you will be taken to another field or the value will be saved and you will exit the edit mode for a given parameter.

The icon -> allows to go deeper into the command tree.

#### 4.2 Description of information parameters

On-screen menu allows to read information parameters related to the converter, such as:

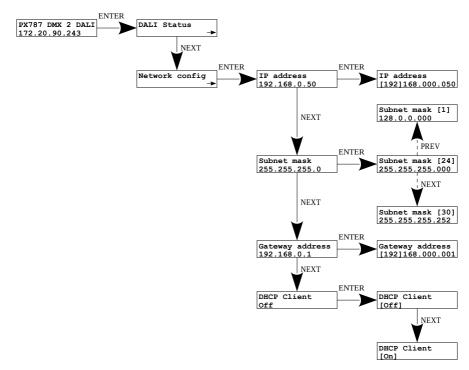
- converter model and current IP address (if an address is provided by DHCP, an asterisk \* is added)
- number of ballasts found by PX787 (e.g. 8) and information about
   DALI line power supply (*Power OK / NO Power*)
- converter serial number and version number of the software installed
- individual MAC address of the device



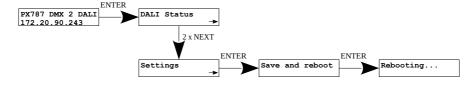
#### 4.3 Converter network settings

PX787 gives you the ability to change network settings in the **[Network config]** menu. The following parameters can be changed: static IP address **[IP address]**, subnet mask **[Subnet mask]** (subnet mask edited by changing the CIDR in the range of 1 - 30), default gateway **[Gateway address]** and enabling **[On]** or disabling **[Off]** support **[DHCP]**.

If DHCP is **turned off**, the converter works according to the static network configuration. If DHCP is **turned on**, the converter will start up using static settings, but will attempt to acquire new network configuration from the DHCP server.



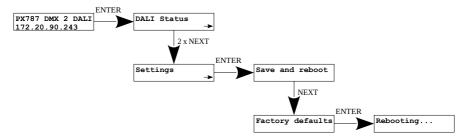
**NOTE!** After making changes to the network settings, save them in the **[Settings]** menu by selecting **[Save and reboot]** – according to the diagram below. The settings will be saved and the device will restart.



#### 4.4 Restore default settings

To restore the default settings, go to the **[Settings]** menu and then select **[Factory defaults]**. When restoring factory settings, the device will restart and the following changes will be made to the device:

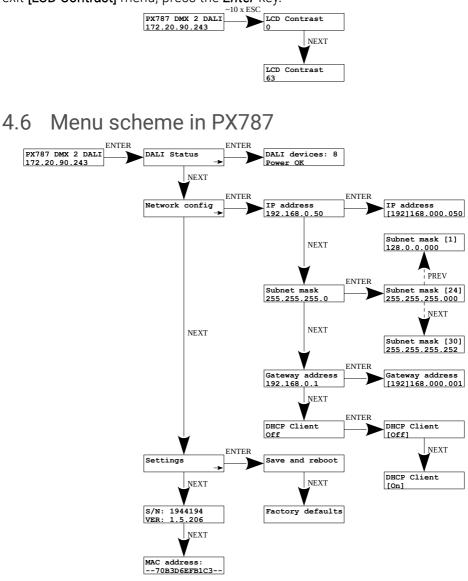
- IP address: 192.168.0.50
- mask: 255.255.255.0
- default gateway: 192.168.0.1
- DHCP: Off
- **clearing** the DALI line addressing settings **table** available via the web interface
- deleting saved ballasts from the list



#### 4.5 Setting the display contrast

If the device has a problem with the readability of messages displayed on the screen, it is possible to change its settings. To do this, press the ~10x *Esc* button. The contrast can be set in range from 0 to 63. If the screen is illegible and only "" characters are visible or the screen is completely white, after pressing the ~10x *Esc* button, the device will signal being in the [LCD Contrast] menu by flashing the diodes alternately in green and blue.

With the *Next* or *Prev* find the appropriate value (it is recommended to press the *Next* key to find the value in which the screen becomes readable, and then use the *Next* and *Prev* keys to adjust the value to suit your needs). To exit [LCD Contrast] menu, press the *Enter* key.



#### 5 Connecting the converter with a PC

The module has a built-in Web Server, which allows to change all settings via a web browser. To use the web interface, it is necessary to connect the PX787 module to a computer.

In automatic mode (DHCP), after connecting to the network the converter attempts to get the network configuration from a DHCP server (e.g router). Thanks to this, manual configuration of networks parameters is not needed. In the absence of a DHCP server on the network the converter will operate according to the static configuration (manual setup). When selecting static addressing, configure the network parameters so that the PX787 works in the same subnet as the computer and that there is no conflict of IP addresses (devices must have unique IP addresses in the network).

If the converter obtained the IP address from the DHCP server, unplugging the network cable will cause the loss of the assigned IP address. If PX787 is reconnected to the network, it will try to get a new address from the DHCP server, if it fails to receive the address, it will work according to the saved static settings.

It is recommended to use automatic addressing and connect the converter to the network with a running DHCP server

If the converter is connected directly to the computer (no DHCP server), it is necessary to manually set the network parameters of both the computer and PX787 so that they work in one network and connect the devices with a crossover Ethernet cable.

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# 5.1 Change of the computer network configuration

The procedure for changing the computer network configuration varies depending on the operating system. Windows®7 system is an example here.

<u>Change of the computer network configuration in the Windows®7 operating</u> <u>system in done in the following:</u>

- 1. Click [Start] 👨
- 2. Select [Control Panel] tab

**Control Panel** 

3. Go to [Network and Internet] tab



4. Enter [Network and Sharing Center]



In the left panel select the [Change adapter settings]

Control Panel Home

Change adapter settings

Change advanced sharing settings 6. Right-click on [Połączenie lokalne] (Local area connection) and choose

#### the [Properties]







Połączenie sieci bezprzewodowej p6369\_software Urządzenie USB bezprzewodowej ...

In the new window that appears, select [Internet Protocol Version 4 7. (TCP/IPv4)] and then press properties

Marvell Yukon 88E8053 PCI-E Gigabit Ethernet Controller Configur This connection uses the following items: Configur Configur This connection uses the following items: Configur Configur Configur This connection uses the following items: Configur C	e
This connection uses the following items:	e
Client for Microsoft Networks  Client for Microsoft Networks  Client for Microsoft Networks  Client Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)  Client Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	
A Virtual PC Network Filter Driver     QuoS Packet Scheduler     A QuoS Packet Sc	
☑ QoS Packet Scheduler         ☑ IFile and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks         ☑ ▲ Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)         ☑ ▲ Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	
Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)     Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv6)     Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	
Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)     Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	
M 🕂 Link-Laver Topology Discovery Mapper //O Driver	
and adjer reperced brees to findsport of a street	
Link-Layer Topology Discovery Responder	
Install Uninstall Propertie	s
Description	_
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wi area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.	ide

In the next window, select
 [Use the following IP

#### address:]

To connect directly (computer – driver) with a controller that has a default configuration, use the sample settings:

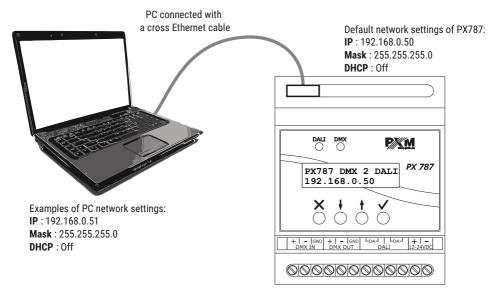
	automatically if your network supports ed to ask your network administrator atically.
Use the following IP address	
IP address:	192.168.0.51
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0
Default gateway:	192.168.0.1
Obtain DNS server address a     Use the following DNS server	
Preferred DNS server:	
Alternate DNS server:	
Validate settings upon exit	Advanced

IP address:	192.168.0.51
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0
Default gateway:	192.168.0.1

#### 5.2 Connecting converter directly to the PC

When connecting the converter directly to a computer it is recommended

to use a braided cable.



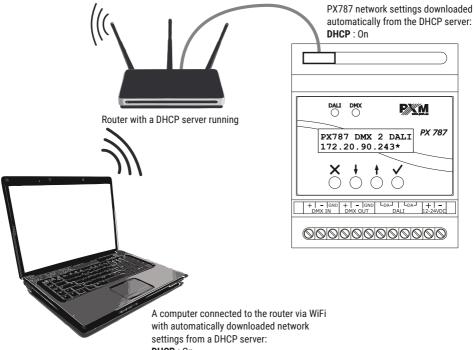
**NOTE!** Remember that the PX787 converter and the computer should be in the same network and there is no conflict of IP addresses.

#### 5.3 Connecting the converter using a router

When connecting the converter to the router, there are two options for network settings. The first of these is the use router with a DHCP server running, the network configuration on all devices in the network is set automatically. The second option is to connect the converter and PC to a switch or router that does not support DHCP server, in this case all devices in the network must have manually configured network settings in such a way that each device operates in the same network and has a unique IP address.

#### 5.3.1 Automatic addressing

The diagram below shows the connection of the device with the router on which the DHCP server operates:

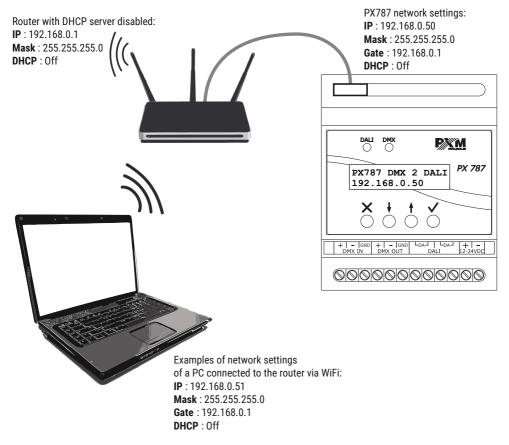


DHCP : On

#### 5.3.2 Static addressing

Below is an example diagram of network settings of the converter, router

and PC, in the case when the DHCP server in the network is not running:



The advanced converter connection from the external network is described in section 7 Remote connection.

# 6 WWW interface

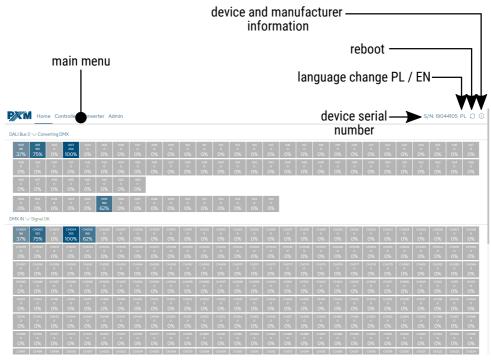
The device has a built-in Web Server that starts with the device. To open the PX787 management panel, enter the device's IP address in the browser (default is 192.168.0.50).

**NOTE!** Pay special attention if the PX787 is in the same network as the device on which the browser is running or in the router there are redirects configured accordingly.

Supported browsers:

- Google Chrome from version 79.0.3945.117
- Mozilla Firefox from version 72.0.2
- Opera from versions 66.0.3515.44
- *Edge* from versions 79.0.309.71

#### 6.1 WWW window structure



The following tabs are available in the main menu:

- Home graphic representation of all DALI output channels and all DMX input channels
- Controller displays all found ballasts, in this tab it is possible to edit their parameters
- Converter tab responsible for addressing DALI outputs and DALI groups on individual DMX input channels, enabling and disabling DMX → DALI signal conversion
- Admin is used for local device name changes, network settings and software updates

The following options are in the upper right corner:

- device serial number
- language change (EN / PL)
- restarting the device
- device and manufacturer information:



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 mali: info@pxm.pl

#### 6.2 Preview of DALI and DMX channels

After entering the converter website, the first tab is Home. In this tab you can read:

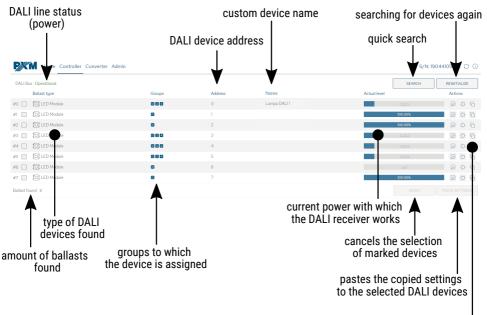
- values sent on the DALI line to all possible 64 devices and 16 groups ٠
- values received at the DMX input from all 512 channels ٠

^00 96 37%	<sup>A01</sup> 192 75%	^02 0 0%	<sup>A03</sup> 254 100%	^/04 0%	^05 0 0%	^0% 0%	^07 0 0%	^08 0 0%	^09 0 0%	^10 0%	^11 0%	^12 0 0%	^13 0 0%	^)\4 0 0%	^\S 0 0%	^% 0%	^17 0 0%	^18 0 0%	^19 0 0%	^20 0 0%	^21 0 0%	^22 0 0%	^23 0 0%	^24 0 0%	^25 0 0%	^26 0 0%	^27 0 0%
^?8 0%	^?? 0%	0% ^30 0%	^3 0%	^? 0%	^33 0%	0% ^34 0%	^35 0%	~~ ~~ 0%	^37 0%	~38 • 0%	~~~ 0%	0%	0%	0% ^42 0%	0% ^43 0%	0%	0% ^45 0%	0% ^46 0%	0%	0% 0%	0% ^49 0%	~~~ 0%	0%	~~~ 0%	453 0%	0% ^54 0%	0% 0%
~~ 0%	^?7 0%	0%	459 0%	~~ 0%	лет о О%	~~~ 0%	A63 0 0%																				
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X IN 🗸	Signal O	ж																									
снооі 96 <b>37%</b>	сноог 192 75%	снк зз С 0%6	сноо4 255 100%	сноо5 160 62%	сноос о О%	CH007 0 0%	сносв 0%	снооэ 0%	сною 0 0%	CH011 0%	сноі2 0%	снов 0 0%	0% 0%	снов 0%	сною 0 0%	сног 0 0%	сноів 0%	сноя 0 0%	CH020 0%	CH021 0%	CH022 0 0%	сно23 0 <b>0%</b>	сно24 О%	CH025 0 0%	CH026 0 0%	сно27 0%	снога 0%
0% 0%	C1000 0%	сна СЧа Оч6	CH032 0%	снозз 0%	снюзи 0%	сноз5 0 0%	снозо 0%	сноз7 0 0%	0%	CH039 0 0%	снюм 0%	CHO4 0 0%	CHIEM2 0 0%	C11043 0%	C11044 0 0%	CHICHS 0 0%	CHI046 0 0%	0%	C11048 0 0%	CHIE-19 0 0%	снобо 0 0%	0%	CH062 0%	сноза 0 0%	0%	снюсс 0 0%	C19056 0%
0%	снояз 0%	снкая 0%	CH000 0%	сноя о 0%	CH082 0%	0%	CH004 0%	снож 0%	снове 0 0%	сноот 0 0%	CH1088	CH200 0%	сното о 0%	снол 0%	CH072 0 0%	сно73 о 0%	снам 0%	сноть 0%	сното 0 0%	сналт 0%	снала 0 0%	сноля о 0%	C+000 O%	снюя 0 0%	0%	CH083 0 0%	сновч 0%
нов5 0%	сново 0%	сная7 С 0/%	CH088 0 0%	снов 0 0%	снозо 0%	сноя о 0%	снояг 0%	снояз о 0%	снози о 0%	сноэ5 о О%	снояк 0 0%	сноя7 0 0%	сноя о О%	сноээ 0%	сняоо о 0%	сниот о О%	сняог 0%	сняха о 0%	CH104 0 0%	сню о 0%	сноб 0 0%	сню7 о 0%	снюя 0%	сния 0%	снто о 0%	снт о 0%	снтг о 0%
сніїз 0%	CHII4 0 0%	он 6 С О/ 6	снііб 0%	Сня7 0 0%	снт8 0 0%	снтэ о 0%	CH20 O%	снігі 0 0%	сні22 0 0%	сні23 0 0%	сні24 0 0%	CH125 0 0%	сні26 0%	сні27 0%	сні28 0 0%	сні29 0 0%	снао 0%	снізі о <b>0%</b>	Сніз2 0 0%	сназ 0 0%	снв4 0 0%	снізб о 0%	снізб 0%	сніз7 0 0%	сніз8 0 0%	снізэ о О%	CH840 0%
0%	CH142 0%	୍ୟ ଓ ୦୯୫ ୦୯୫	CH144 0 0%	CH645 0%	сняко 0 0%	сни7 0 0%	CH848 0 0%	CH149 0 0%	снізо 0 0%	CHIS 0%	CH152 0 0%	CHI53 0 0%	сні54 0 0%	CHISS 0%	снізо 0 0%	сня 0%	снтав 0%	снязэ о 0%	CH160 0 0%	сню 0%	сняя 0 0%	0%	CH164 0 0%	сняя 0%	сняко 0 0%	сния7 0 0%	сняя 0%
	снято 0%	снл С О%	CHE72 0 0%	сня73 0%	C11174 0 0%	0%	сняло 0%	0%	сняла о 0%	снязя 0 0%	0%	саля 0 0%	CH182 0 0%	сняз о О%	снязи 0 0%	сняз 0 0%	сняза 0 0%	сняя7 0 0%	сняза 0 0%	сния 0%	сняю о 0%	0%	CHE92 0 0%	сняз о 0%	саляч о 0%	сняя о О%	CH1996 0%
:H\$97	CH198	CH 22	CH200	CH201	CH202	CH203	CH204	CH205	01206	CH207	CH208	CH209	CH210	CH2T	CH22	CH2B	CH214	0425	CH276	CH217	CH218	CH229	CH220	CH221	CH222	CH223	CH224

DALI outputs and DALI groups DMX signal inputs

#### 6.3 Controller

The *Controller* tab allows to manage found ballasts on the DALI line. It is possible to quickly search for devices or initiate a search for devices that were not previously in the PX787 memory. In addition, the status of the DALI line is displayed – is it powered by an external power supply and the amount of ballasts found.



actions for individual ballasts

Description of displayed parameters:

- DALI Bus if the line is powered from an external source and works correctly, the message Operational is displayed, in the event of a power failure of the DALI line the message No power supply is displayed
- Ballast found amount of ballasts found on the line

- Ballast type type of ballast found (Fluorescent lamp, Emergency lighting, Discharge lamp, Low Voltage Halogen, Supply Voltage Regulator, DALI to 0-10V, LED Module, Relay, Color control, Sequencer)
- Groups group numbers to which the ballast is assigned
- Address address to which the ballast is assigned
- Name custom ballast name (saved locally)
- Actual level power with which the ballast is currently working
- Search searching for devices on the line again
- Reinitialize searching for devices on the line again (associated with changing the DALI address settings and deleting the custom name assigned to devices previously configured)
- Reset resets the DALI device selection
- **Paste settings** pastes the settings previously copied to the marked ballasts (more information in chapter 6.3.2 Copy settings)

**NOTE!** Making changes to the ballast parameter settings is blocked if converting the DMX signal to the DALI line is active. To unlock the ability to edit ballast settings, select the *Converter* tab and then turn off converting (press *CONVERTER ON*).



Converter is working. To change any settings or manage ballasts first turn off converter

#### 6.3.1 Actions available for ballasts

For each device found on the DALI line via PX787 it is possible to select an action.



- Identify device : when pressed, the device brightens and darkens for identification
- Edit options 🔎 goes to the ballast parameters configuration

Home Controller Converter Admin	S/N: 19044105 PL 🔿 🕕
Light source type	③ LED Module
Firmware version	1.1 Hardware revision 3.0
Address	O Reprogram AO * CHANGE
Custom name 🕢	
Set target level ⊘	168 9.56%
Power ON level 📀	1 0.10%
Fade time 🕥	0.0 sec. •
Fade rate 🕥	358.0 steps per sec. •
Minimum level 🕥	168 9.56%
Maximum level ⊘	254 100.00%
Failure level 📀	168 9.56%
Physical minimum 🕢	168
Scenes (?)	180 -0 0 -1 255 -2 168 -3 200 -4 0 -5 0 -6 255 -7
	210 -8 254 -9 254 -10 0 -11 180 -12 0 -13 240 -14 180 -15
Group membership 🕢	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
u	IPLOAD DOWNLOAD RETURN

- Light source type information on the type of ballast (Fluorescent lamp, Emergency lighting, Discharge lamp, Low Voltage Halogen, Supply Voltage Regulator, DALI to 0-10V, LED Module, Relay, Color control, Sequencer)
- Firmware version
- Address device address on the DALI line
- Custom name individual ballast name, the name is stored in the PX787 memory
- Set target level brightness level for which the ballast is to be set in the range 0 – 254
- Power ON level default brightness after ballast on
- Fade time time determining the speed of transition between brightness levels
- Fade rate number of steps per second determining the speed of transition between brightness levels
- *Minimum level* minimum ballast brightness
- Maximum level maximum ballast brightness
- Failure level ballast brightness in the event of a DALI line failure
- *Physical minimum* minimum brightness level factory set in the ballast
- Scenes brightness level of scenes, the value of 255 means that ballast will ignore this scene (16 scenes)
- Group membership assigning ballast to selected group / groups

#### 6.3.2 Copy settings

The web interface allows to copy the configured ballast settings to other devices on the DALI line. This option speeds up the configuration of many ballasts (if they are to have the same parameters).

To do this, first configure the device, and then in the *Controller* tab select the icon 🕞 in the *Actions* column.

After copying the parameters, select the devices on the left to which they are to be pasted.

If the parameters have been copied and the devices to which they are to be pasted are selected, the *Reset and Paste settings* settings buttons become active. The *Reset* button removes all selections, while *Paste settings* starts the process of copying the

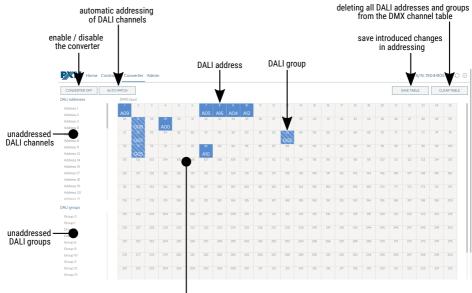


selections, while *Paste settings* starts the process of copying the Ballast found B settings to the selected ballasts.



#### 6.4 Converter

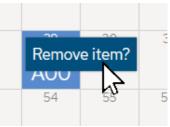
This tab is responsible for assigning DALI addresses to specific DMX input channels and enabling or disabling the conversion of DMX signal to DALI.



DMX channels to which DALI addresses are assigned

To address any DALI channel or group, hold the mouse and release it on the appropriate DMX address (drag & drop). To change the assignment of a

DALI address to a DMX channel, you must first remove the DALI address (press LPM and press *Remove item?*) from the DMX table, and then put it back.



It is still possible to automatically address by selecting the *Auto-patch* button, the addresses will be set as follows:

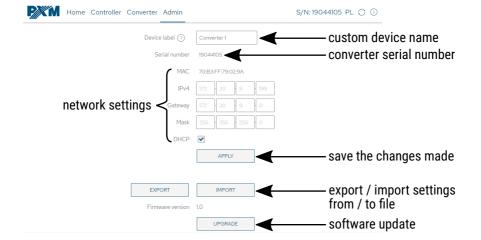
DMX in	put																							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
								A08																A24
	A26		A28	A29	A30					A35	A36		A38	A39	A40	A41	A42	A43	A44	A45	A46	A47	A48	A49
														65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75
														G00	G01	G02	G03	G04	G05	G06	G07	G08	G09	G10
76	77	78	79	08	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
G11	G12	G13	G14	G15																				

**NOTE!** After making changes manually or after automatically assigning DALI addresses and groups to DMX channels, save the changes by clicking the *Save table* button. If the table is saved correctly, a message will appear at the top of the page with a green background *Patch table changed on device*.



#### 6.5 Admin

The converter network settings, renaming, exporting and importing settings to and from the file, as well as the firmware update can be set in the *Admin* tab.



- Device label custom device name set by the user
- Serial number
- MAC individual MAC address of the network card
- IPv4 setting the IP address
- Gateway default gateway setting
- Mask setting the subnet mask
- **DHCP** enable or disable DHCP support

By selecting *Export* you can save the network settings and DALI line addressing to a file, by clicking *Import* you can load the configuration from the file.

Software update is possible after selecting the *Upgrade* button and then selecting the update file.

# 7 Remote connection

The converter allows to log in to device from an external network via the internet, for this purpose it should be:

- have an external IP address on the router assigned by the internet provider and be able to establish connection from outside (incoming packets are not blocked by the provider's and router's firewall)
- redirect port 80 to the IP address of the converter working in the local network (so-called forwarding port)
- unblock selected port in the router's firewall
- the address of the converter / converters in the local network can not change (the converter must have a static IP address set or the DHCP server must assign the same addresses to the same devices each time)

**NOTE!** The destination port of the device is always port 80, for added security it is recommended to redirect other ports from the external network to port 80 in the local network.

Example: by sending a query to the external IP address of a router with port number 12345 (e.g. 66.77.88.99:12345), the router will forward this query to the address of the device with port number 80 (e.g. 192.168.0.50:80).

A virtual server defines the mapping from the WAN service port to the LAN server. All requests from the Internet to the designated service port will be redirected to the device specified by the server IP Address.

Service Port	IP Addr	255	Internal Po	rt	Protocol	Status	WAN	Edit
12345	192.168.	0.50	80		TCP or UDP	Enabled	pppoa_0_35_3_d	Edit
Add New	Enable Selected	Disab	le Selected	Delet	e Selected			

**NOTE!** In most routers available on the market, you can set a static IP address by the DHCP server based on the MAC address of the device. For example, for a device with the MAC address 70:B3:D5:EF:B1:60 the IP address 192.168.1.15 will always be assigned by the DHCP server (example below).

Static as	signment		
Π	P Address 192.168.1. 15		
MA	C address 70 : b3	: d5 : ef : b1 : 60	Add
NO.	IP Address	MAC address	Delete
1	192.168.1.15	70:B3:D5:EF:B1:60	Delete

Most routers available on the market usually have several parameters in port forwarding options:

- forwarding number
- port or port range for redirection
- the IP address of the device to be redirected to
- protocol type (TCP / UDP or both)
- attach / delete diversion

#### 7.1.1 One converter in the internal network

Examples of network settings:

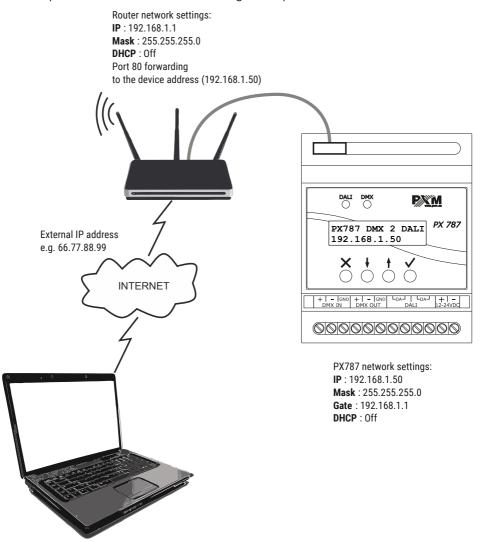
- external IP address: 66.77.88.99 (example address)
- converter IP address: 192.168.1.50
- mask: 255.255.255.0
- target device port: 80
- protocol: TCP or TCP/UDP (in this case option "Both")

#### Below is the screen of the example setting in the router:

NO.	Start Port-End Port	LAN IP	Protocol	Enable	Delete
1.	80 - 80	192.168.1. 50	Both 🔻	<b>v</b>	
2.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	192.168.1.	TCP 🔻		
3.		192.168.1.	TCP T		
4.		192.168.1.	TCP •		
5.		192.168.1.	TCP •		
6.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	192.168.1.	TCP •		
7.		192.168.1.	TCP •		
8.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	192.168.1.	TCP •		
9.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	192.168.1.	TCP •		
10.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	192.168.1.	TCP <b>v</b>		

If the router does not have the option to set up one port forwarding, create a range (from 80 to 80). If everything is correctly configured to open the web interface, enter the external IP address in the browser window (e.g. 66.77.88.99) or if you have redirected another port to internal port number 80 (e.g. 66.77.88.99:12345) – described in detail in section 7 More than one converter in the internal network.

Example of connection without using other ports:



A computer connected to the internet

#### 7.1.2 More than one converter in the internal network Examples of network settings:

- external IP address: 66.77.88.99 (example address)
- IP address of the first converter: 192.168.1.50
- IP address of the second converter: 192.168.1.51
- mask: 255.255.255.0
- target device port: 80
- protocol: TCP or TCP/UDP (in this case option "Both")

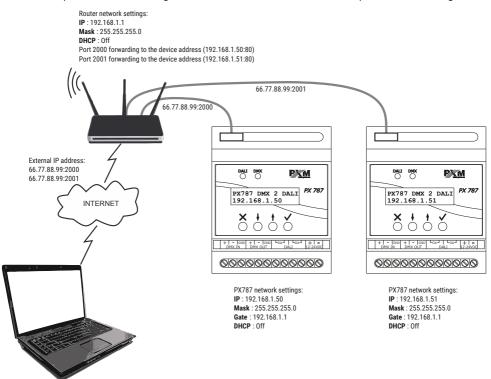
Below is a screen with examples of settings in the router (port forwarding 2000 and 2001 to the appropriate IP address of the converter and port 80):

A virtual server defines the mapping from the WAN service port to the LAN server. All requests from the Internet to the designated service port will be redirected to the device specified by the server IP Address.

Service Port	IP Address	Internal Port	Protocol	Status	WAN	Edit
2000	192.168.1.50	80	TCP or UDP	Enabled	pppoa_0_35_3_d	Edit
2001	192.168.1.51	80	TCP or UDP	Enabled	pppoa_0_35_3_d	Edit
Add New E	Enable Selected Disable	le Selected Delet	e Selected			

In this case, port 2000 indicates a device with IP address 192.168.1.50 and sends a query to port 80 in the internal network. The query sent to port 2001 will send a query to the other device with the address 192.168.1.51.

#### Example of connecting more than one converter with port forwarding:



A computer connected to the internet

# 8 RDM – available parameters

The PX787 supports the DMX – RDM protocol. DMX protocol allows only of a one-way data transmission, while its extension the RDM protocol can transmit information in two directions. This makes possible to simultaneously send and receive information, and hence the possibility of monitoring activities of the compatible devices. Thanks to RDM some available settings of compatible devices may be programmed using this protocol.

Parameter name	PiD	Description
SUPPORTED_PARAMETERS	0x0050	all supported parameters
PARAMETER_DESCRIPTION	0x0051	description of additional parameters
DEVICE_INFO	0x0060	information concerning the device
SOFTWARE_VERSION_LABEL	0x00C0	firmware version of the device
DMX_START_ADDRESS *	0x00F0	DMX starting address; Range 1 – 512
IDENTIFY_DEVICE *	0x1000	device identification; Two states are possible: identification disabled (value 0x00) and identification enabled (value 0x01)
DEVICE_MODEL_ DESCRIPTION	0x0080	device description, e.g. name
MANUFACTURER_LABEL	0x0081	manufacturer description, e.g. name

#### List of supported RDM parameters by PX787:

Parameter name	PiD	Description
DEVICE_LABEL *	0x0082	additional device description; It is possible to enter an additional device description using up to 32 ASCII characters
FACTORY_DEFAULTS	0x0090	device default settings
DMX_PERSONALITY	0x00E0	DMX operational mode
DMX_PERSONALITY_ DESCRIPTION	0x00E1	description of individual operational modes
RESET_DEVICE	0x1001	restarting the device
DEVICE_UPTIME	0x8000	time since last power on
SERIAL_NUMBER	0x8010	device serial number
CURRENT_IPV4_ADDRESS	0x8080	current device IP address
CURRENT_IPV4_GATEWAY	0x8081	current gateway address
CURRENT_IPV4_SUBNET	0x8082	current subnet (mask)
ETHERNET_MAC	0x8083	device MAC address
DHCP_ENABLE *	0x8084	DHCP settings; Disabled (value 0x00) and enabled (value 0x01)
STATIC_IPV4_ADDRESS *	0x8085	IP address settings; Text input, e.g. 192.168.1.100
STATIC_IPV4_GATEWAY *	0x8086	gate settings; Text input, e.g. 192.168.1.1
STATIC_IPV4_SUBNET *	0x8087	subnet settings (mask); Text input, e.g. 255.255.255.0

\* - editable parameter

# 9 Indication lights

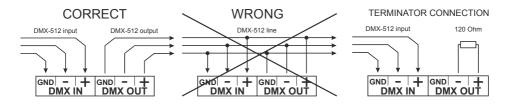
Indicator	Action	Function
green 🔵 DALI	flashing / steady on	communication on the DALI line
	is off	the converter does not send any commands on the line
blue 🔵 DMX	flashes	receiving DMX signal
	is off	no DMX signal

Converter is equipped with 2 indicators signaling:

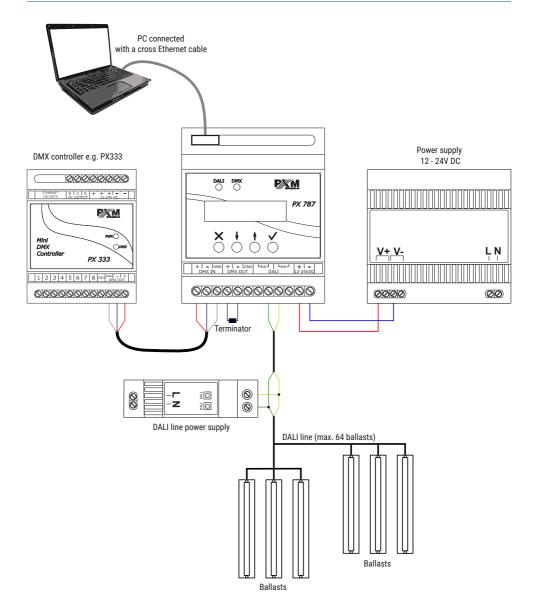
## 10 DMX signal connecting

PX787 have to be connected to DMX line in serial mode, with no branches on DMX control cable. That means that DMX line, from the signal source, must be connected to *DMX IN* pins of PX787 and later, directly from *DMX OUT* pins to the next device in DMX chain.

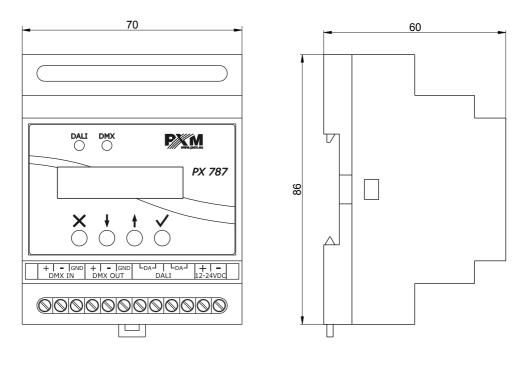
If the PX787 is the last DMX chain receiver there should be terminator (resistor 120 Ohm) mounted between "+" and "-" pins of *DMX OUT* section.



# 11 Connection scheme



# 12 Dimensions



# 13 Technical data

type	РХ787
power supply	12 – 24V DC
power consumption	max. 1W
DMX input / output	1/1
DALI ports	1
Ethernet ports	1
DMX channels	512
support for RDM protocol	yes
number of supported DALI devices	64
programming	LCD display 2 x 16 and 4 buttons Web Server RDM
version of the DALI protocol	1.0
weight	0.15kg
	width: 70mm



#### DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

PXM Marek Żupnik spółka komandytowa Podłęże 654, 32-003 Podłęże

we declare that our product:

Product name:

DMX/DALI 1ch

Product code:

PX787

meets the requirements of the following standards, as well as harmonised standards:

PN-EN IEC 63000:2019-01 PN-EN 62368-1:2015-03 PN-EN 61000-4-2:2011 PN-EN IEC 61000-6-1:2019-03 PN-EN 61000-6-3:2008 EN IEC 63000:2018 EN 62368-1:2014 EN 61000-4-2:2009 EN IEC 61000-6-1:2019 EN 61000-6-3:2007

and meets the essential requirements of the following directives:

2011/65/UE **DIRECTIVE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL** of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment Text with EEA relevance.

2014/30/UE **DIRECTIVE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL** of 26 February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility (recast) Text with EEA relevance.

2014/35/UE DIRECTIVE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 26 February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of electrical equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits



mgr inż. Marek Żupnik.